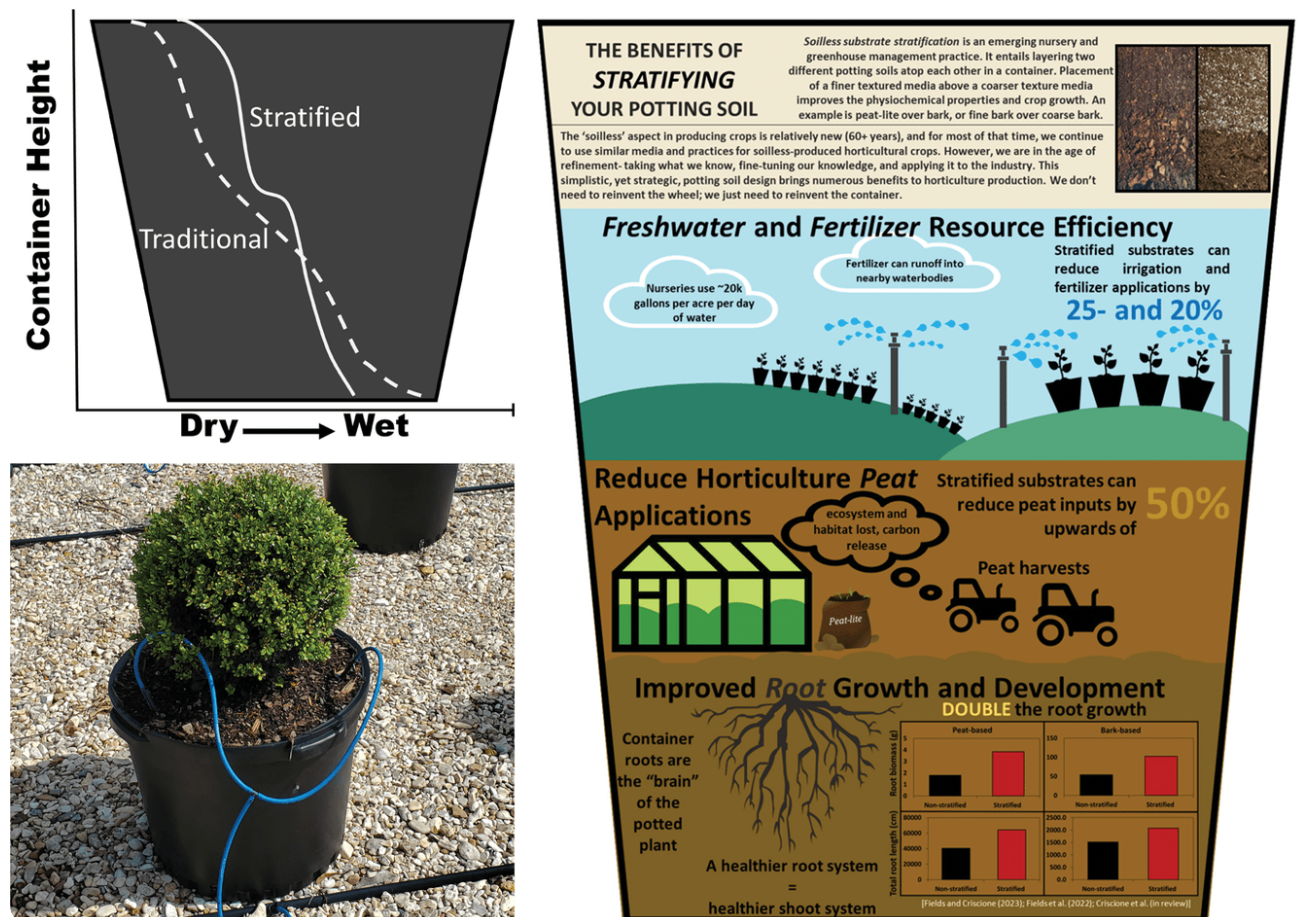




Stratification Improves Water Distribution Within a Container

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Top left: An example of the moisture balance within a container in a standard conventional substrate system and a stratified substrate system. Image courtesy of Jeb S. Fields.

Bottom left: To grow containerized crops, ornamental nurseries and greenhouses use soilless sub- strates, which are often organic by-products that must be very coarse (like

tree bark) to ensure sufficient drainage for crop production. Photo courtesy of Jeb S. Fields. Right: An infographic demonstrating the benefits of stratified sub

The greenhouse and nursery industry relies on growing media, or soilless substrates, to effectively mass produce a wide range of horticultural crops. Despite the extensive use of these substrates, there has been little effort to improve their overall efficiency regarding water management. Thus, soilless production requires frequent irrigation to maintain crop health.

In a study in *Soil Science Society of America Journal*, researchers explored how a new substrate stratification, layering different soilless media atop each other within a container (for example, fine bark over coarse bark particles), can improve substrate sustainability and water use. They studied different irrigation schedules and deficit strategies and used moisture sensors that measure how much water is being held in the whole container and how dry the substrate is in each layer.

The team found that stratified systems rebalance water-holding and air-filled porosity within the container, effectively defying gravity. This improves water storage in the top of the container where substrates tend to dry quickly and improves drainage in the bottom of the container where water is often held. By stratifying substrates while using a multiple-irrigation-schedule system, growers can improve the water dynamics in the container, reducing water needed to produce high quality crops.

Adapted from

Criscione, K. S., Fields, J. S., Owen, J. S., & Gentimis, A. (2024). Stratified substrates enhance water storage and distribution between irrigation events. *Soil Science Society of America Journal*, 88, 387–402. <https://doi.org/10.1002/saj2.20636>

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